# $\mathsf{BR}$ В **BRAKE SYSTEM** С

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# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS

(SDS)	
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### SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS

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# < PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION

# PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

#### WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see "SRS AIR BAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

#### PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

#### WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, never use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

Service Procedure Precautions for Models with a Pop-up Roll Bar

#### WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- Risk of passenger injury or death may increase if the pop-up roll bar does not deploy during a roll over collision. In order to reduce the chance of an incident where the pop-up roll bar is inoperative, all maintenance must be performed by a NISSAN or INFINITI dealer.
- Before removing and installing the pop-up roll bar component parts and harness, always turn the ignition switch OFF, disconnect the battery negative terminal, and wait for 3 minutes or more. (The purpose of this operation is to discharge electricity that is accumulated in the auxiliary power supply circuit in the air bag diagnosis sensor unit.)
- When repairing, removing, and installing a pop-up roll bar, always refer to SRS AIR BAG and SRS AIR BAG CONTROL warnings in the Service Manual.

### Precaution for Battery Service

Before disconnecting the battery, lower both the driver and passenger windows. This will prevent any interference between the window edge and the vehicle when the door is opened/closed. During normal operation, the window slightly raises and lowers automatically to prevent any window to vehicle interference. The automatic window function will not work with the battery disconnected.

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### Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

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When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc to prevent damage to windshield.

# Precaution for Brake System

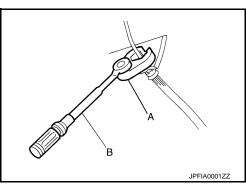
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#### WARNING:

Since dust covering the front and rear brakes has an affect on human body, the dust must be removed with a dust collector. Never splatter the dust with an air blow gun. CAUTION:

- Brake fluid use refer to <u>MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants"</u>.
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Never spill or splash brake fluid on painted surfaces. Brake fluid may seriously damage paint. Wipe it off immediately and wash with water if it gets on a painted surface.
- · Always clean with new brake fluid when cleaning the master cylinder, brake caliper and other components.
- Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or light oil to clean. They may damage rubber parts and cause improper operation.
- Always loosen the brake tube flare nut with a flare nut wrench.
- Tighten the brake tube flare nut to the specified torque with crowfoot (A) and torgue wrench (B).
- · Always confirm the specified tightening torque when installing the brake pipes.
- Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) connector or the battery negative terminal before performing the work.
- Check that no brake fluid leakage is present after replacing the parts.
- Burnish the brake contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at verv low mileage.
- Front brake pad: refer to BR-14, "BRAKE PAD : Inspection and Adjustment".
- Front disc rotor: refer to <u>BR-14, "DISC ROTOR : Inspection and Adjustment"</u>.
   Rear brake pad: refer to <u>BR-16, "BRAKE PAD : Inspection and Adjustment"</u>.
- Rear disc rotor: refer to BR-16, "DISC ROTOR : Inspection and Adjustment".



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# PREPARATION

	FREFARATION		
< PREPARATION > PREPARATION			
PREPARATION			А
Commercial Service Tool		INFOID:00000008459932	В
Tool name		Description	С
Power tool	PBIC0190E	Loosening bolts and nuts	D
Pin punch a: 4 mm (0.16 in)	a NT410	Removing and installing reservoir tank	BR
Handy vacuum pump	ZZC1313D	<ul><li>Air tight</li><li>Inspection of check valve</li></ul>	H
Brake caliper wrench	NNFIA0040ZZ	Return the piston	K

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# NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING < SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

# SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

# NVH Troubleshooting Chart

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Use the chart below to find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Reference page		<u>BR-14, BR-16</u>	<u>BR-14, BR-16</u>	<u>BR-34, BR-36, BR-46</u>	<u>BR-14, BR-16</u>	<u>BR-14, BR-16</u>	<u>BR-14</u> , <u>BR-16</u>	<u>BR-14</u> , <u>BR-16</u>	<u>BR-14, BR-16</u>	<u>BR-14, BR-16</u>	<u>BR-14, BR-16</u>	NVH in DLN section	NHV in DLN section	NVH in FAX, RAX, FSU and RSU section	NVH in WT section	NVH in WT section	NVH in FAX and RAX section	NVH in ST section	
Possible ca SUSPECT	ause and ED PARTS		Pads - damaged	Pads - uneven wear	Shims damaged	Rotor imbalance	Rotor damage	Rotor runout	Rotor deformation	Rotor deflection	Rotor rust	Rotor thickness variation	PROPELLER SHAFT	DIFFERENTIAL	AXLE AND SUSPENSION	TIRE	ROAD WHEEL	DRIVE SHAFT	STEERING
		Noise	×	×	×								×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Symptom	BRAKE	Shake				×							×		×	×	×	×	×
		Shimmy, Judder				×	×	×	×	×	×	×			×	×	×		×

×: Applicable



# PERIODIC MAINTENANCE **BRAKE PEDAL**

Inspection and Adjustment

#### **INSPECTION**

**Brake Pedal Height** Check the brake pedal height (H1) between the dash lower panel (1) and the brake pedal upper surface.

#### Standard

H<sub>1</sub>

: Refer to BR-51, "Brake Pedal".

**CAUTION:** Remove the floor trim.

Stop Lamp Switch and ASCD Brake Switch Check the clearance (C) between stopper rubber (1) and stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch (2) threaded end.

#### Standard

С

: Refer to <u>BR-51, "Brake</u> Pedal".

#### CAUTION:

The stop lamp must be turned off when the brake pedal is released.

#### NOTE:

Pull the brake pedal pad to make the clearance between stopper rubber and stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch threaded end.

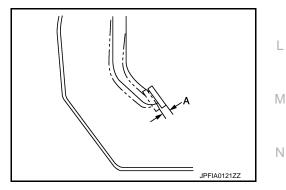
#### Brake Pedal Play

Press the brake pedal. Check the brake pedal play (A).

#### Standard

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: Refer to BR-51, "Brake Pedal".



Depressed Brake Pedal Height

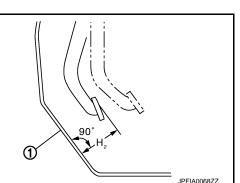
Check the brake pedal height (H2) between the dash lower panel (1) and the brake pedal upper surface when depressing the brake pedal at 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) while turning engine ON.

#### Standard

H<sub>2</sub>

: Refer to BR-51, "Brake Pedal".

**CAUTION:** Remove the floor trim.



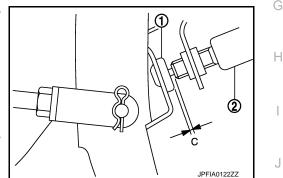
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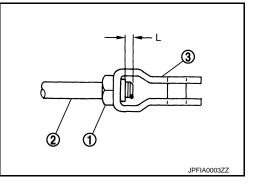
#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

#### ADJUSTMENT

Brake Pedal Height

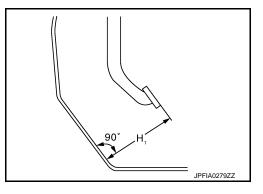
- 1. Remove instrument lower panel LH. Refer to IP-12, "Exploded View".
- 2. Disconnect the stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn the stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch 45° counterclockwise.
- Loosen the input rod lock nut (1). Adjust the brake pedal height (H1) to the specification. Tighten the input rod lock nut to the specification. Refer to <u>BR-28</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
   CAUTION:

The threaded end of the input rod (2) must project to the inner side (L) of the clevis (3).



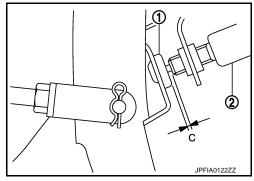
Standard H1

: Refer to <u>BR-51, "Brake</u> <u>Pedal"</u>.



Stop Lamp Switch and ASCD Brake Switch

- 1. Remove instrument lower panel LH. Refer to IP-12, "Exploded View".
- 2. Disconnect the stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn the stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch 45° counterclockwise.
- Press-fit stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch (2) until stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch hits the stopper rubber (1) 45° clockwise.
   CAUTION:
  - The clearance (C) between the stopper rubber and stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch threaded end must be the specified value. Refer to <u>BR-51</u>, "Brake Pedal".
  - The stop lamp must be turned off when the brake pedal is released.



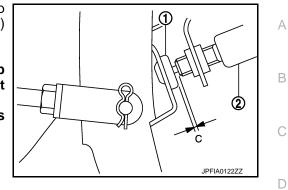
Brake Pedal Play

- 1. Remove instrument lower panel LH. Refer to IP-12, "Exploded View".
- 2. Disconnect the stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn the stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch 45° counterclockwise.

## **BRAKE PEDAL**

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Press-fit stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch (2) until stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch hits the stopper rubber (1) 45° clockwise.
   CAUTION:
  - The clearance (C) between the stopper rubber and stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch threaded end must be the specified value. Refer to <u>BR-51</u>, "<u>Brake Pedal</u>".
  - The stop lamp must be turned off when the brake pedal is released.



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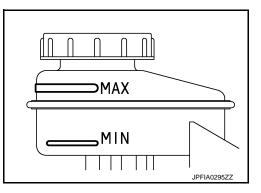
# **BRAKE FLUID**

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE > BRAKE FLUID

#### Inspection

#### BRAKE FLUID LEVEL

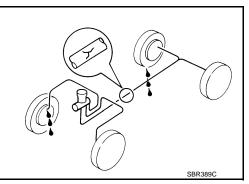
- Check that the fluid level in the sub tank is within the specified range (MAX MIN lines).
- Visually check for any brake fluid leakage around the sub tank, reservoir tank and hose.
- Check the brake system for any leakage if the fluid level is extremely low (lower than MIN).
- Check the brake system for fluid leakage if the warning lamp remains illuminated even after the parking brake is released.



#### BRAKE LINE

- 1. Check brake line (tubes and hoses) for cracks, deterioration or other damage. Replace any damaged parts.
- Check for fluid leakage by fully depressing brake pedal while engine is running. CAUTION:

If leakage occurs around joints, retighten or, if necessary, replace damaged parts.



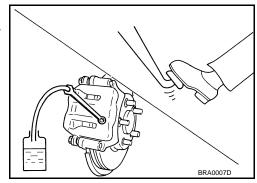
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# Draining

#### **CAUTION:**

- Never spill or splash brake fluid on painted surfaces. Brake fluid may seriously damage paint. Wipe it
  off immediately and wash with water if it gets on a painted surface.
- Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) connector or the battery negative terminal before draining.
- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to the bleed valve.
- Depress the brake pedal and loosen the bleeder valve to gradually discharge brake fluid.



### Refilling

#### CAUTION:

Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) connector or the battery negative terminal before refilling.

 Check that there is no foreign material in the sub tank, and refill with new brake fluid.
 CAUTION: Never reuse drained brake fluid.

Never reuse dramed brake nu

# **BRAKE FLUID**

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Loosen the bleeder valve, slowly depress the brake pedal to the full stroke, and then release the pedal. Repeat this operation at intervals of 2 or 3 seconds until all brake fluid is discharged. Then close the bleeder valve with the brake pedal depressed. Repeat the same work on each wheel.
- 3. Perform the air bleeding. Refer to <u>BR-11, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>.

Bleeding Brake System

#### **CAUTION:**

- Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) connector or the battery negative terminal before performing the work.
- Monitor the fluid level in the sub tank during the air bleeding.
- Always use new brake fluid for refilling. Never reuse the drained brake fluid.
- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to the bleeder valve of the rear right brake.
- 2. Fully depress the brake pedal 4 to 5 times.
- 3. Loosen the bleeder valve and bleed air with the brake pedal depressed, and then quickly tighten the E bleeder valve.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until all of the air is out of the brake line.
- 5. Tighten the bleeder valve to the specified torque.
  - Front disc brake
  - 1 piston type: refer to BR-36, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (1 PISTON TYPE) : Exploded View".
  - 2 piston type: refer to <u>BR-40, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (2 PISTON TYPE) : Exploded View"</u>.
- Rear disc brake: refer to <u>BR-46, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY : Exploded View"</u>.
  Perform steps 1 to 5 for the rear right brake → front left brake → rear left brake → and front right brake in
- order.
   7. Check that the fluid level in the sub tank is within the specified range after air bleeding. Refer to <u>BR-10</u>, "Inspection".

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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

# BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

## Inspection

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#### FLUID LEAK

Check for brake fluid leakage from the master cylinder mounting face, reservoir tank mounting face, sub tank mounting face, brake tube connections and hose connections.

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE > **BRAKE BOOSTER**

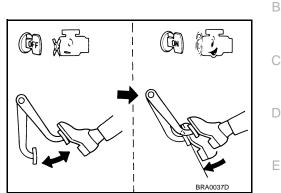
# Inspection

#### **OPERATION**

Depress the brake pedal several times at 5-second intervals with the engine stopped. Start the engine with the brake pedal fully depressed. Check that the clearance between brake pedal and dash lower panel decreases.

#### NOTE:

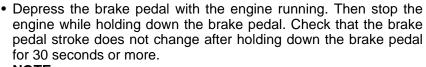
A slight impact with a small click may be felt on the pedal when the brake pedal is fully depressed. This is a normal phenomenon due to the brake system operation.



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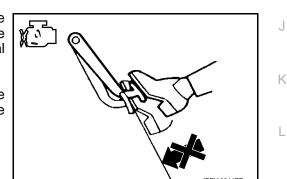
#### AIR TIGHT

 Idle the engine for 1 minute to apply vacuum to the brake booster, and stop the engine. Then depress the brake pedal several times at 5-second intervals until the accumulated vacuum is released to atmospheric pressure. Check that the clearance between brake pedal and dash lower panel gradually increases (A  $\rightarrow$  B  $\rightarrow$  C) each time the brake pedal is depressed during this operation.



#### NOTE:

A slight impact with a small click may be felt on the pedal when the brake pedal is fully depressed. This is a normal phenomenon due to the brake system operation.



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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

# FRONT DISC BRAKE BRAKE PAD

**BRAKE PAD : Inspection and Adjustment** 

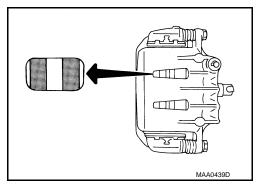
#### INSPECTION

Check brake pad wear thickness from an inspection hole on cylinder body. Check using a scale if necessary.

#### Limit

Wear thickness

: Refer to <u>BR-52, "Front</u> <u>Disc Brake"</u>.



#### ADJUSTMENT

#### **CAUTION:**

- Burnish contact surfaces between pads according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.
- Be careful of vehicle speed because the brake does not operate firmly/securely until pads and disc rotor are securely fitted.
- Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.
- 1. Drive vehicle on straight, flat road.
- 2. Depress brake pedal with the power to stop vehicle within 3 to 5 seconds until the vehicle stops.
- 3. Drive without depressing brake for a few minutes to cool the brake.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 until pad and disc rotor are securely fitted.

### **DISC ROTOR**

# **DISC ROTOR : Inspection and Adjustment**

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#### INSPECTION

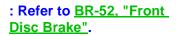
#### Appearance

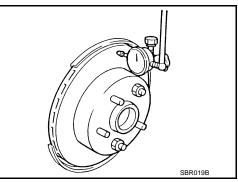
Check surface of disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. Replace if there are any abnormal conditions.

#### Runout

- 1. Fix the disc rotor to the wheel hub and bearing assembly with wheel nuts (2 points at least).
- 2. Check the wheel bearing axial end play before the inspection. Refer to <u>FAX-6, "Inspection"</u>.
- 3. Inspect the runout with a dial gauge to measured at 10 mm (0.39 in) inside the disc edge.







- 4. Find the installation position with a minimum runout by shifting the disc rotor-to-wheel hub and bearing assembly installation position by one hole at a time if the runout exceeds the limit value.
- Refinish the disc rotor if the runout is outside the limit even after performing the above operation. [When refinishing, use the Pro-Cut PEM On-Car brake Lathe (Tool No. 38-PFM90.5) or equivalent.] CAUTION:

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Check in advance that the thickness of the disc rotor is wear thickness + 0.3 mm (0.012 in) or more.
- If the thickness is less than wear thickness + 0.3 mm (0.012 in), replace the disc rotor.

#### Limit

#### Wear thickness

#### : Refer to BR-52, "Front Disc Brake".

Thickness

Check the thickness of the disc rotor using a micrometer. Replace the disc rotor if the thickness is below the wear limit.

Limit

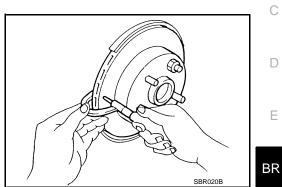
ADJUSTMENT

Wear thickness

: Refer to BR-52, "Front Disc Brake".

Thickness variation

: Refer to BR-52, "Front Disc Brake".



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	nish contact surfaces between pads according to the following procedure after refinishing or accing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.	
	areful of vehicle speed because the brake does not operate firmly/securely until pads and disc r are securely fitted.	Н
	perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.	
1. Dri	ive vehicle on straight, flat road.	
2. De	epress brake pedal with the power to stop vehicle within 3 to 5 seconds until the vehicle stops.	1
	ive without depressing brake for a few minutes to cool the brake.	
4. Re	epeat steps 1 to 3 until pad and disc rotor are securely fitted.	J
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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

# REAR DISC BRAKE BRAKE PAD

**BRAKE PAD : Inspection and Adjustment** 

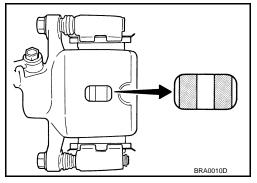
#### INSPECTION

Check brake pad wear thickness from an inspection hole on cylinder body. Check using a scale if necessary.

#### Limit

Wear thickness

: Refer to <u>BR-52, "Rear</u> <u>Disc Brake"</u>.



#### ADJUSTMENT

#### **CAUTION:**

- Burnish contact surfaces between pads according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.
- Be careful of vehicle speed because the brake does not operate firmly/securely until pads and disc rotor are securely fitted.
- Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.
- 1. Drive vehicle on straight, flat road.
- 2. Depress brake pedal with the power to stop vehicle within 3 to 5 seconds until the vehicle stops.
- 3. Drive without depressing brake for a few minutes to cool the brake.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 until pad and disc rotor are securely fitted.

### **DISC ROTOR**

# **DISC ROTOR : Inspection and Adjustment**

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#### INSPECTION

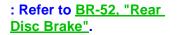
#### Appearance

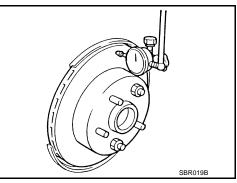
Check surface of disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. Replace if there are any abnormal conditions.

#### Runout

- 1. Fix the disc rotor to the wheel hub and bearing assembly with wheel nuts (2 points at least).
- 2. Check the wheel bearing axial end play before the inspection. Refer to <u>RAX-5, "Inspection"</u>.
- 3. Inspect the runout with a dial gauge to measured at 10 mm (0.39 in) inside the disc edge.







- 4. Find the installation position with a minimum runout by shifting the disc rotor-to-wheel hub and bearing assembly installation position by one hole at a time if the runout exceeds the limit value.
- Refinish the disc rotor if the runout is outside the limit even after performing the above operation. [When refinishing, use the Pro-Cut PEM On-Car brake Lathe (Tool No. 38-PFM90.5) or equivalent.] CAUTION:

# **REAR DISC BRAKE**

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Check in advance that the thickness of the disc rotor is wear thickness + 0.3 mm (0.012 in) or more.
- If the thickness is less than wear thickness + 0.3 mm (0.012 in), replace the disc rotor.

#### Limit

#### Wear thickness

#### : Refer to BR-52, "Rear Disc Brake".

#### Thickness

Check the thickness of the disc rotor using a micrometer. Replace the disc rotor if the thickness is below the wear limit.

Limit

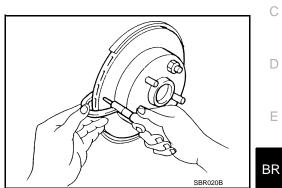
ADJUSTMENT

Wear thickness

**Thickness variation** 

: Refer to BR-52, "Rear Disc Brake". : Refer to BR-52, "Rear

Disc Brake".



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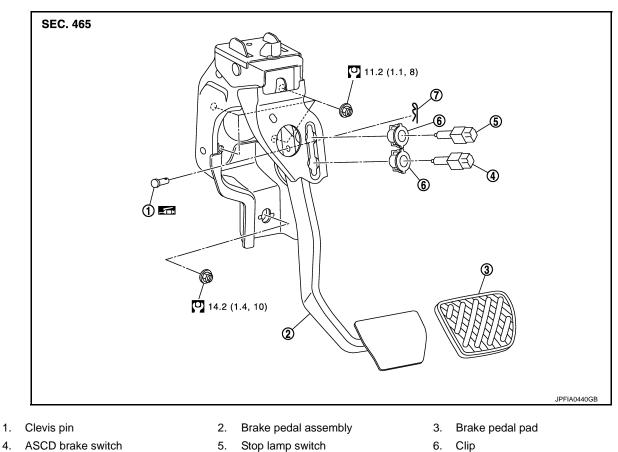
В

CA	UTION:
	urnish contact surfaces between pads according to the following procedure after refinishing or eplacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.
• B	e careful of vehicle speed because the brake does not operate firmly/securely until pads and disc
	only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.
1.	Drive vehicle on straight, flat road.
2.	Depress brake pedal with the power to stop vehicle within 3 to 5 seconds until the vehicle stops.
3.	Drive without depressing brake for a few minutes to cool the brake.
4.	Repeat steps 1 to 3 until pad and disc rotor are securely fitted.

# < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION BRAKE PEDAL

# Exploded View

INFOID:000000008459945



7. Snap pin

: Apply multi-purpose grease.

Refer to <u>GI-4, "Components"</u> for symbols not described on the above.

# Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000008459946

#### REMOVAL

- 1. Remove instrument lower panel LH. Refer to IP-12, "Exploded View".
- 2. Remove knee protector. Refer to ST-31, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Disconnect the stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch harness connectors.
- 4. Remove snap pin and clevis pin from clevis of brake booster.
- Remove the brake pedal assembly.
   CAUTION:
   Hold the brake booster and master cylinder so as not to drop out or contact them to other parts.

#### INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install the reverse order of removal.

• Apply the multi-purpose grease to the clevis pin and the mating faces. (Not necessary if grease has been already applied.)

#### NOTE:

The clevis pin may be inserted in either direction.

# **BRAKE PEDAL**

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

# Inspection and Adjustment

#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

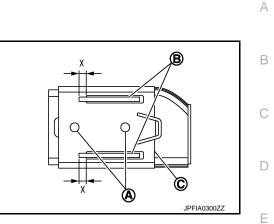
- · Check the following items and replace the brake pedal assembly if necessary.
- Check the brake pedal upper rivet (made by aluminum) (A) for deformation.
- Check the brake pedal for bend, damage, and cracks on the welded parts.
- Check the lapping length (X) of sub-bracket (B) and slide plate (C).

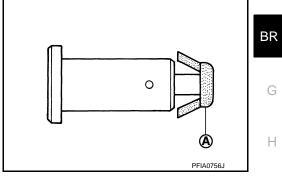
#### Standard

#### Х

#### : 5.0 mm (0.197 in) or more

• Check clevis pin and plastic stopper (A) for damage and deformation. If any damage is found, replace clevis pin.





#### ADJUSTMENT AFTER INSTALLATION

Perform the brake pedal adjustment after installing the brake pedal assembly. Refer to BR-7, "Inspection and Adjustment".

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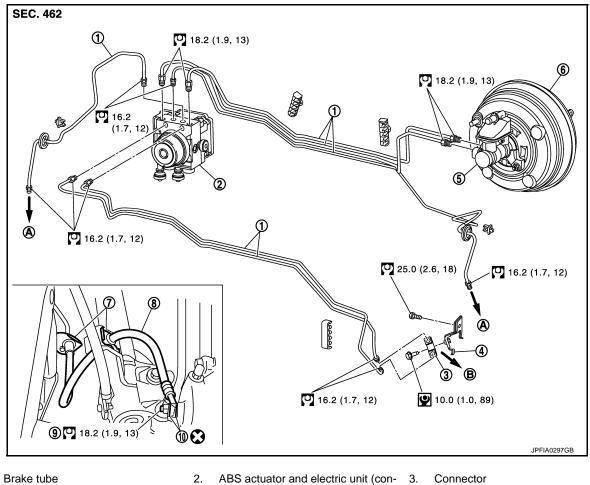
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# < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

# **BRAKE PIPING** FRONT

# **FRONT** : Exploded View

INFOID:000000008459948



- Brake tube 1.
- 4. Connector bracket
- Lock plate 7.
- 10. Copper washer
- To front brake hose Α.
- В. To rear brake tube

Brake hose

trol unit)

Master cylinder assembly

6.

9.

Brake booster

Union bolt

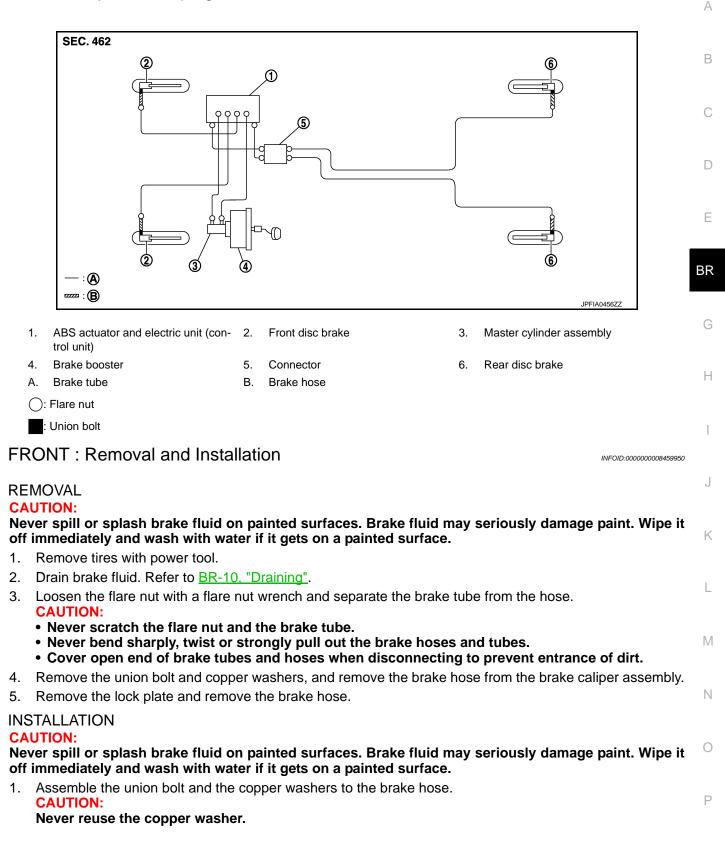
5.

8.

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

# FRONT : Hydraulic Piping



#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 2. Align the brake hose pin to the projection (A) of the brake caliper assembly and tighten the union bolt (1) to the specified torque.
- Install the brake tube to the brake hose, temporarily tighten the flare nut by hand until it does not rotate further, and fix the brake hose to the bracket with the lock plate.
   CAUTION:

# Check that all brake hoses and tubes are not twisted and bent.

Tighten the flare nut to the specified torque with a crowfoot and torque wrench.
 CAUTION:

#### Never scratch the flare nut and the brake tube.

5. Refill with new brake fluid and perform the air bleeding. Refer to <u>BR-11, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>. CAUTION:

Never reuse drained brake fluid.

## FRONT : Inspection

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INFOID:000000008459952

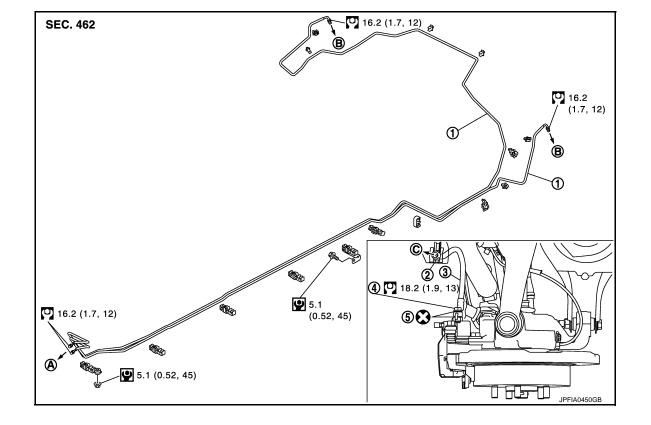
#### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

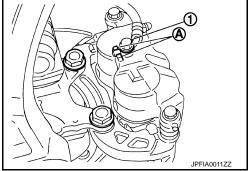
- 1. Check the brake hoses and tubes for the following: no scratches; no twist and deformation; no interference with other components when steering the steering wheel; no looseness at connections.
- Depress the brake pedal with a force of 785 N (80 kg, 176 lb) and hold down the pedal for approximately 5 seconds with the engine running. Check for any fluid leakage.
   CAUTION:

Retighten the applicable connection to the specified torque and repair any abnormal (damaged, worn or deformed) part if any brake fluid leakage is present.

REAR







# < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 1. Brake tube
- 4. Union bolt

Α.

To connector

Lock plate
 Copper washer

To rear brake hose

В.

- 3. Brake hose
  - C. To brake tube

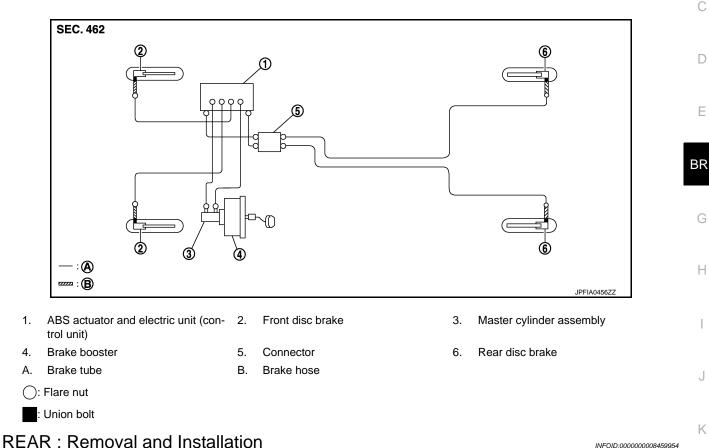
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В

INFOID:000000008459953

Refer to <u>GI-4, "Components"</u> for symbols in the figure.

# REAR : Hydraulic Piping



#### REMOVAL CAUTION: Never spill or splash brake fluid on painted surfaces. Brake fluid may seriously damage paint. Wipe it off immediately and wash with water if it gets on a painted surface. Μ Remove tires with power tool. 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to <u>BR-10, "Draining"</u>. 2. 3. Loosen the flare nut with a flare nut wrench and separate the brake tube from the hose. Ν **CAUTION:** Never scratch the flare nut and the brake tube. • Never sharply bend, twist or strongly pull the brake hoses and tubes. Cover the open end of brake tubes and hoses when disconnecting to prevent entrance of dirt. Remove the union bolt and copper washers, and remove the brake hose from the brake caliper assembly. 4. 5. Remove the lock plate and remove the brake hose from the vehicle. Ρ INSTALLATION CAUTION:

# Never spill or splash brake fluid on painted surfaces. Brake fluid may seriously damage paint. Wipe it off immediately and wash with water if it gets on a painted surface.

1. Assemble the union bolt and the copper washers to the brake hose. CAUTION:

# Never reuse copper washer.

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 2. Install the brake hose L-pin by aligning it with the brake caliper assembly positioning hole, and tighten the union bolt (1) to the specified torque.
- Connect the hose to the brake tube, temporarily tighten the flare nut by hand until it does not rotate further, and fix the brake hose to the bracket with the lock plate.
   CAUTION:

# Check that the brake hoses and tubes are not twisted and bent.

 Tighten the flare nut to the specified torque with a crowfoot and torque wrench.
 CAUTION:

#### Never scratch the flare nut and the brake tube.

 Refill with new brake fluid and perform the air bleeding. Refer to <u>BR-11, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>. CAUTION:

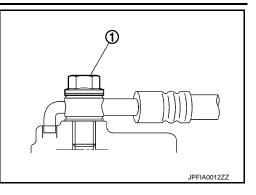
#### Never reuse drained brake fluid.

#### REAR : Inspection

#### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- 1. Check the brake hoses and tubes for the following: no scratches; no twist and deformation; no interference with other components when steering the steering wheel; no looseness at connections.
- Depress the brake pedal with a force of 785 N (80 kg, 176 lb) and hold down the pedal for approximately 5 seconds with the engine running. Check for any fluid leakage.
   CAUTION:

Retighten the applicable connection to the specified torque and repair any abnormal (damaged, worn or deformed) part if any brake fluid leakage is present.



### **BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER**

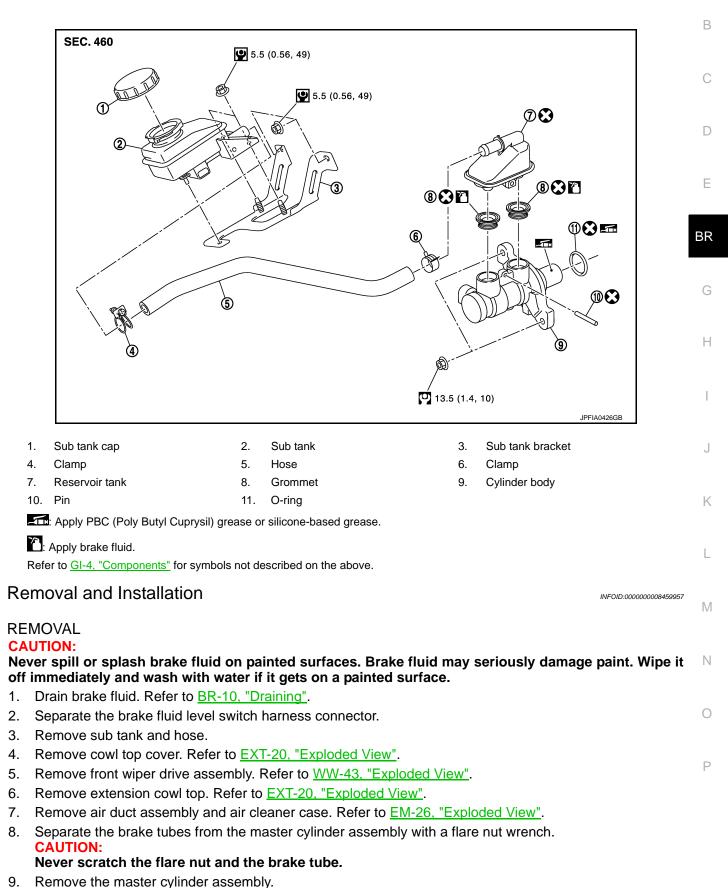
#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

# BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

# **Exploded View**

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Revision: 2012 October

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

#### **CAUTION:**

- Depress the brake pedal several times to release the vacuum pressure from the brake booster. Then remove the master cylinder assembly.
- Never depress the brake pedal after the master cylinder assembly is removed.
- The piston of the master cylinder assembly is exposed. Never damage it when removing the master cylinder.
- The piston may drop off when pulled out strongly. Never hold the piston. Hold the cylinder body when handling the master cylinder assembly.

#### INSTALLATION

#### **CAUTION:**

Never spill or splash brake fluid on painted surfaces. Brake fluid may seriously damage paint. Wipe it off immediately and wash with water if it gets on a painted surface.

Note the following, and install the reverse order of removal.

- Never depress the brake pedal after the master cylinder assembly is removed.
- Apply PBC (Poly Butyl Cuprysil) silicone-based grease to the brake booster [see (A) in the figure] when installing the master cylinder assembly to the brake booster.
- The piston of the master cylinder assembly is exposed. Never damage it when handling the master cylinder and check that no dirt and dust are present on the piston before installation. Clean it with new brake fluid if necessary.
- The piston may drop off when pulled strongly. Never hold the piston. Hold the cylinder body when handling the master cylinder assembly.
- Temporarily tighten the brake tube flare nut to the master cylinder assembly by hand. Then tighten it to the specified torque with a crowfoot and torque wrench. Refer to <u>BR-20</u>, "FRONT : Exploded View".
   CAUTION:

#### Never scratch the flare nut and the brake tube.

 After installation, perform the air bleeding. Refer to <u>BR-11, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>. CAUTION:

#### Never reuse drained brake fluid.

Disassembly and Assembly

#### DISASSEMBLY

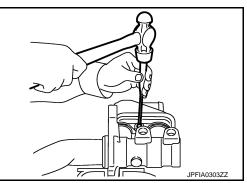
#### **CAUTION:**

- Never disassemble the cylinder body.
- Remove the reservoir tank if necessary.
- 1. Fix the master cylinder assembly to a vise. CAUTION:

Always set copper plates or cloth between vise when fixing the cylinder body to a vise. Never overtighten the vise.

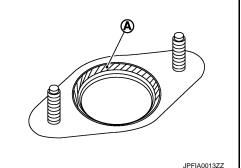
- 2. Remove the reservoir tank mounting pin with a pin punch.
- 3. Remove the reservoir tank and grommet from the cylinder body. CAUTION:

Never drop the removed parts. The parts must not be reused if they are dropped.



#### ASSEMBLY

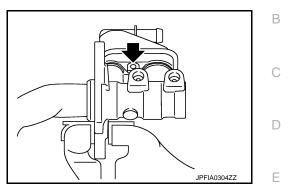
- 1. Apply new brake fluid to the grommet and install it to the cylinder body. **CAUTION:** 
  - Never use mineral oil such as gasoline or light oil.
  - Never reuse the grommets.



# **BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER**

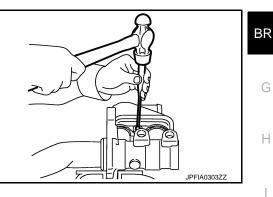
#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 2. Install the reservoir tank to the cylinder body. CAUTION:
  - Never drop the parts when installing. The parts must not be reused if they are dropped.
  - Never reuse reservoir tank.
- 3. Fix the cylinder body to a vise. CAUTION:
  - Place the reservoir tank with the chamfered pin hole (+) facing up.
  - Always set copper plates or cloth between vise when fixing the cylinder body to a vise. Never overtighten the vise.



4. Tilt the reservoir tank so that a mounting pin can be inserted. Insert a mounting pin. Return the reservoir tank to the horizontal position. Insert another mounting pin into the pin hole on the opposite side in the same manner after the mounting pin passes through the cylinder body pin hole. CAUTION:

Never reuse the mounting pin.



Inspection

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INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

#### Fluid Leak

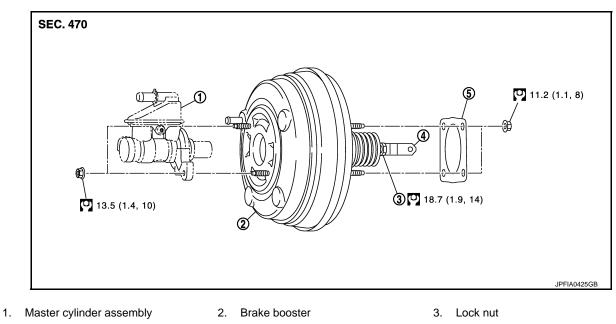
Check for brake fluid leakage from the cylinder body-to-brake booster mounting face, reservoir tank mounting face, brake tube connections and hose connections.

# < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

# BRAKE BOOSTER

# Exploded View

INFOID:000000008459960



4. Clevis 5. Gasket

Refer to  $\underline{\text{GI-4}}$ , "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## Removal and installation

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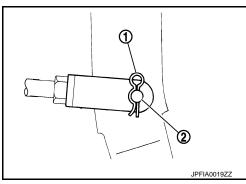
#### REMOVAL

- Remove brake master cylinder assembly. Refer to <u>BR-25, "Exploded View"</u>. CAUTION:
  - Depress the brake pedal several times to release the vacuum pressure from the brake booster. Then remove the master cylinder assembly.
  - Never depress the brake pedal after the master cylinder assembly is removed.
  - The piston of the master cylinder assembly is exposed. Never damage it when removing the master cylinder.
  - The piston may drop off when pulled out strongly. Never hold the piston. Hold the cylinder body when handling the master cylinder assembly.
- 2. Remove vacuum hose from brake booster. Refer to <u>BR-31, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 3. Remove snap pin (1) and clevis pin (2) from inside vehicle.
- 4. Remove nuts on brake booster and brake pedal assembly. CAUTION:

#### Hold the brake booster so as to avoid dropping out.

5. Remove brake booster from dash panel in engine room side. CAUTION:

Never deform or bend the brake tubes.



#### INSTALLATION

Note the following, and installation is the reverse order of removal.

- Be careful not to damage brake booster stud bolt threads. If brake booster is tilted during installation, the dash panel may damage the threads.
- Never deform or bend the brake tubes when installing the brake booster.
- Always use a new gasket between the brake booster.

# **BRAKE BOOSTER**

# Revision: 2012 October

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Replace the clevis pin if it is damaged. Refer to BR-19, "Inspection and Adjustment".
- After installation, perform the air bleeding. Refer to <u>BR-11, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>. **CAUTION:**

#### Never reuse drained brake fluid.

Inspection and Adjustment

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

#### Air Tight

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Check the air tight condition when the master cylinder and the brake booster is installed.

- 1. With a handy vacuum pump, apply vacuum pressure of -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.70 inHg) to the brake booster.
- 2. If the air tight condition cannot be maintained, perform the following operation.
- Check the no dirt and dust are present on the brake booster and brake master cylinder mating faces. a. Clean it if necessary.
- b. Check O-ring on the master cylinder. If anything is found, replace the O-ring.
- Check the air tight condition again. If the condition still cannot be maintained, replace the brake booster. C.

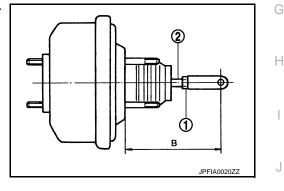
#### Input Rod Length Inspection

1. Loosen the lock nut (1) and adjust the input rod (2) to the specified length (B).

#### Standard В

: Refer to <u>BR-51, "Brake</u> Booster".

2. Tighten the lock nut to the specified torque.



# INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

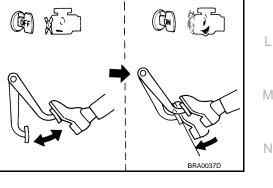
#### Operation

Depress the brake pedal several times at 5-second intervals with the engine stopped. Start the engine with the brake pedal fully depressed. Check that the clearance between brake pedal and dash lower pane decreases.

#### NOTE:

Air Tight

A slight impact with a small click may be felt on the pedal when the brake pedal is fully depressed. This is a normal phenomenon due to the brake system operation.



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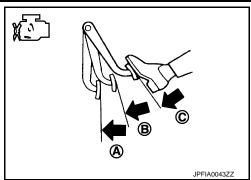
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# **BRAKE BOOSTER**

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

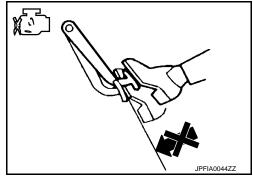
• Idle the engine for 1 minute to apply vacuum to the brake booster, and stop the engine. Then depress the brake pedal several times at 5-second intervals until the accumulated vacuum is released to atmospheric pressure. Check that the clearance between brake pedal and dash lower panel gradually increases (A  $\rightarrow$  B  $\rightarrow$  C) each time the brake pedal is depressed during this operation.



• Depress the brake pedal with the engine running. Then stop the engine while holding down the brake pedal. Check that the brake pedal stroke does not change after holding down the brake pedal for 30 seconds or more.

#### NOTE:

A slight impact with a small click may be felt on the pedal when the brake pedal is fully depressed. This is a normal phenomenon due to the brake system operation.



#### ADJUSTMENT AFTER INSTALLATION

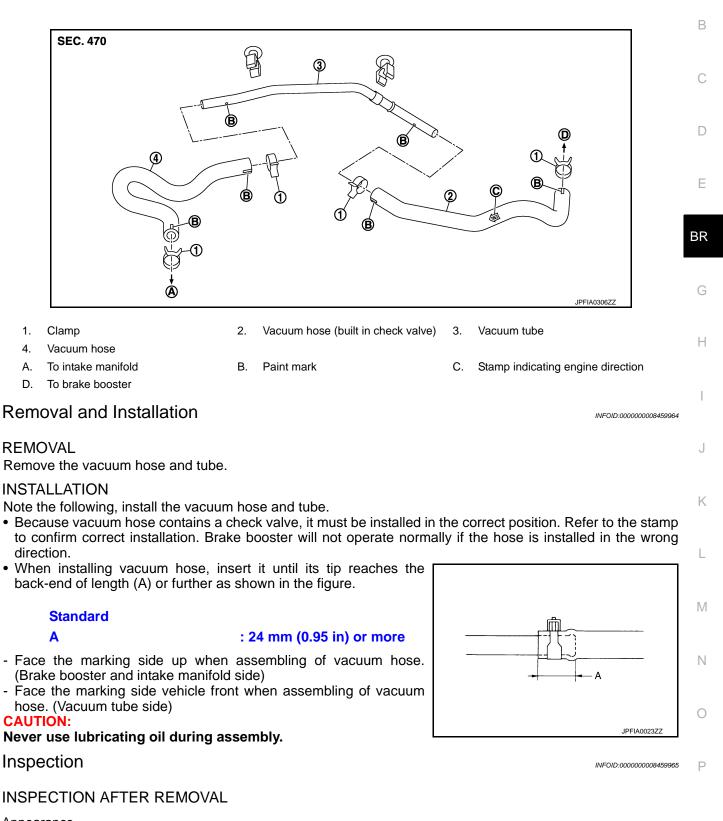
Perform the brake pedal adjustment after installing the brake pedal assembly. Refer to <u>BR-7</u>, "Inspection and <u>Adjustment</u>".

# < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > VACUUM LINES

# Exploded View

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Appearance Check for correct assembly, damage and deterioration.

Check Valve Airtightness

Revision: 2012 October

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

• Use a handy vacuum pump (A) to check.

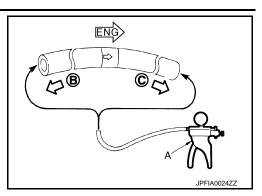
#### When connected to the brake booster side (B)

: Vacuum should decrease within 1.3 kPa (10 mm-Hg, 0.39 inHg) for 15 seconds under a vacuum of - 66.7 kPa (–500 mmHg, –19.70 inHg).

When connected to the engine side (C):

#### : Vacuum should not exist.

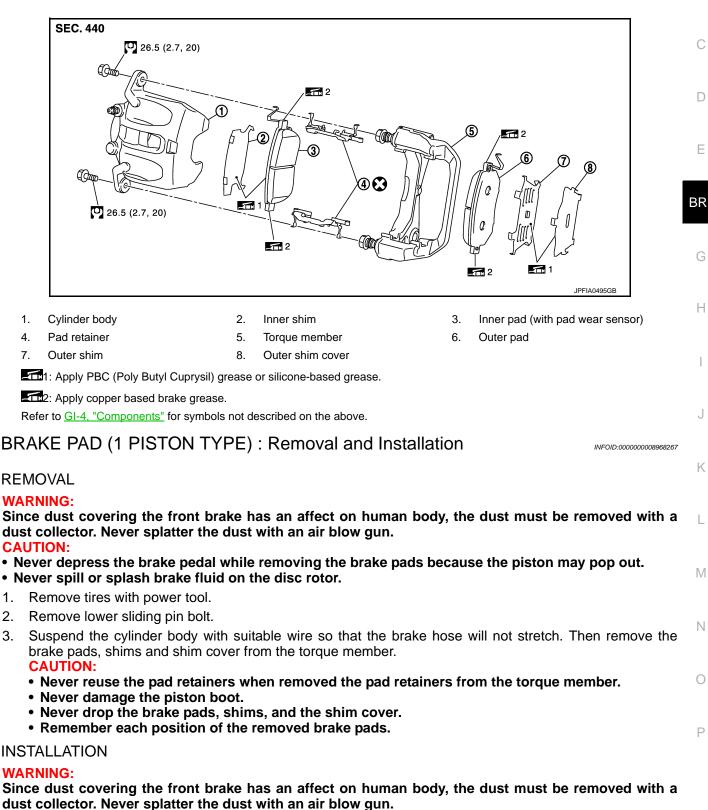
• Replace vacuum hose assembly if vacuum hose and check valve are malfunctioning.





# FRONT DISC BRAKE BRAKE PAD (1 PISTON TYPE)

BRAKE PAD (1 PISTON TYPE) : Exploded View



#### **CAUTION:**

 Never depress the brake pedal while removing the brake pads or the cylinder body because the piston may pop out. А

В

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

#### • Never spill or splash brake fluid on the disc rotor.

- 1. Install the pad retainer to the torque member if the pad retainers has been removed. CAUTION:
  - Never reuse the pad retainers.
  - Securely assemble the pad retainers so that it will not be lifted up from the torque member.
  - Never deform the pad retainers.
  - Eliminate double-faced adhesive tape on torque member.
  - Remove adhesive's protective liner on pad retainers.
- 2. Apply PBC (Poly Butyl Cuprysil) grease or silicone-based grease to the mating faces between the brake pads and pad retainers.
- 3. Apply copper based brake grease to the mating faces between the brake pads, shims and shim covers, and install them to the brake pad.

#### CAUTION:

#### Always replace the shims together with the shim covers when replacing the brake pad.

4. Install the cylinder body and brake pads to the torque member.

CAUTION:

- Never damage the piston boot.
- When replacing a pad with new one, check a brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank when pressing piston in. NOTE:

Use a disc brake piston tool to easily press piston.

- 5. Install the lower sliding pin bolt and tighten it to the specified torque.
- 6. Depress the brake pedal several times to check that no drag feel is present for the front disc brake. Refer to <u>BR-34, "BRAKE PAD (1 PISTON TYPE) : Inspection"</u>.

### BRAKE PAD (1 PISTON TYPE) : Inspection

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#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Replace the shims and the shim cover if rust is excessively attached.

#### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- 1. Check a drag of front disc brake. If any drag is found, follow the procedure described below.
- 2. Remove brake pads.
- 3. Press the piston.

**CAUTION:** 

- Never damage the piston boot.
- When replacing a pad with new one, check a brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank when pressing piston in. NOTE:

Use a disc brake piston tool to easily press piston.

- 4. Install brake pads.
- 5. Depress the brake pedal several times.
- 6. Check a drag of front disc brake again. If any drag is found, disassemble the cylinder body. Refer to <u>BR-</u> <u>38, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (1 PISTON TYPE) : Disassembly and Assembly"</u>.
- 7. Burnish contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-14, "BRAKE PAD : Inspection and Adjustment"</u>.

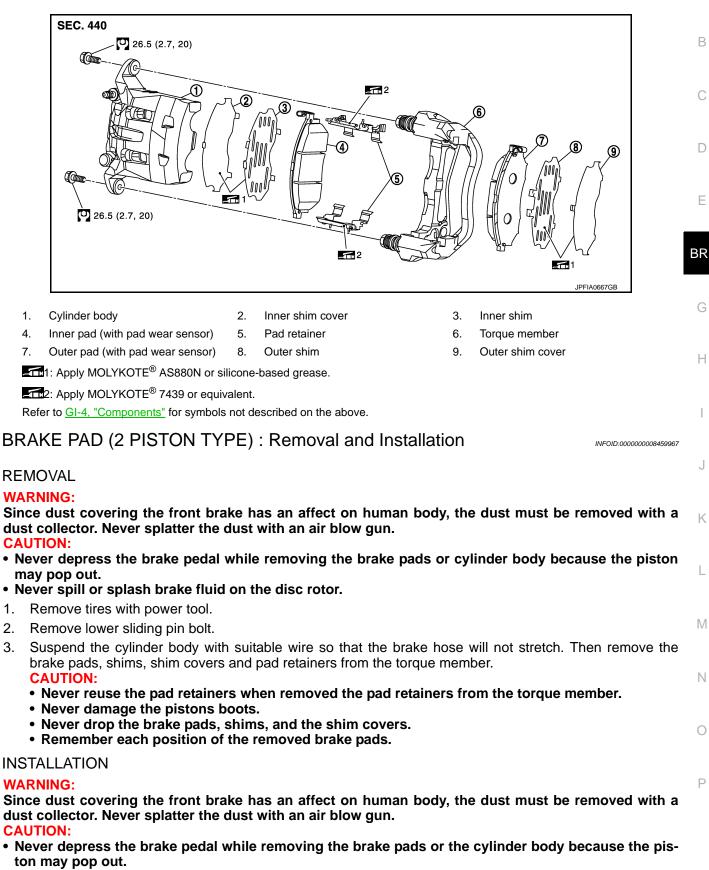
# BRAKE PAD (2 PISTON TYPE)

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## BRAKE PAD (2 PISTON TYPE) : Exploded View

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- Never spill or splash brake fluid on the disc rotor.
- 1. Install the pad retainer to the torque member if the pad retainers has been removed.

#### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

#### **CAUTION:**

- Never reuse the pad retainers.
- Securely assemble the pad retainers so that it will not be lifted up from the torque member.
- Never deform the pad retainers.
- 2. Apply MOLYKOTE<sup>®</sup> 7439 or equivalent to the mating faces between the brake pads and pad retainers.
- Apply MOLYKOTE<sup>®</sup> AS880N or silicone-based grease to the mating faces between the shims and shim covers, and install them to the brake pad.
   CAUTION:

#### Always replace the shims together with the shim covers when replacing the brake pad.

- Install the brake pads to the torque member.
   CAUTION:
   Both inner and outer pads have a pad return system on the pad retainer. Install pad return lever (1) securely to pad wear
- sensor (2).
  5. Install the cylinder body to the torque member.
  CAUTION:
  - Never damage the pistons boots.
  - When replacing brake pad with new one, check a brake fluid level in the sub tank because brake fluid returns to master cylinder of sub tank when pressing piston in.
     NOTE:

Use a disc brake piston tool to easily press pistons.

- 6. Install the lower sliding pin bolt and tighten it to the specified torque.
- 7. Depress the brake pedal several times to check that no drag feel is present for the front disc brake. Refer to <u>BR-36. "BRAKE PAD (2 PISTON TYPE) : Inspection"</u>.
- 8. Install tires with power tool. Refer to WT-44, "Removal and Installation".

#### BRAKE PAD (2 PISTON TYPE) : Inspection

#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Replace the shims and the shim covers if rust is excessively attached.

#### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- 1. Check a drag of front disc brake. If any drag is found, follow the procedure described below.
- 2. Remove brake pads.
- 3. Press the pistons.
  - CAUTION:
  - Never damage the pistons boots.
  - When replacing a pad with new one, check a brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank when pressing piston in. NOTE:

Use a disc brake piston tool to easily press pistons.

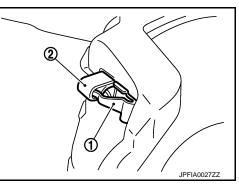
- 4. Install brake pads.
- 5. Depress the brake pedal several times.
- 6. Check a drag of front disc brake again. If any drag is found, disassemble the cylinder body. Refer to <u>BR-</u> 42, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (2 PISTON TYPE) : Disassembly and Assembly".
- 7. Burnish contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-14, "BRAKE PAD : Inspection and Adjustment"</u>.

BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (1 PISTON TYPE)

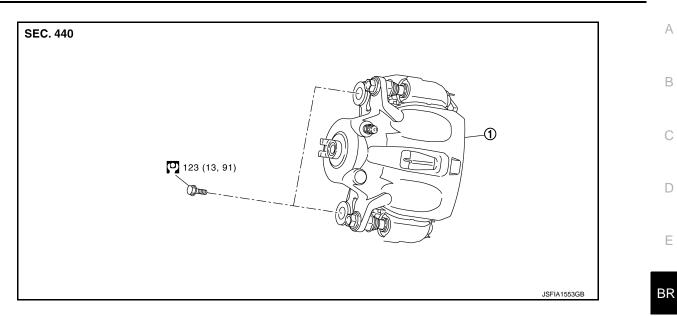
BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (1 PISTON TYPE) : Exploded View

INFOID:000000008968269

REMOVAL



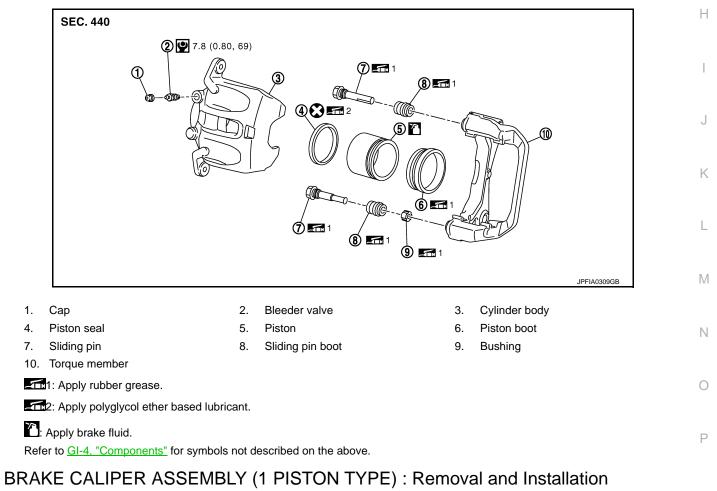
### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >



#### 1. Brake caliper assembly

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols not described on the above.

### DISASSEMBLY



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# REMOVAL WARNING:

### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Since dust covering the front brake has an affect on human body, the dust must be removed with a dust collector. Never splatter the dust with an air blow gun. CAUTION:

### Never depress the brake pedal. Brake fluid may splash while removing the brake hose.

- 1. Remove tires with power tool.
- 2. Fix the disc rotor using wheel nuts.
- 3. Drain brake fluid. Refer to <u>BR-10, "Draining"</u>. CAUTION:

### Never spill or splash brake fluid on the disc rotor.

- 4. Remove union bolt and copper washers, and then disconnect brake hose from caliper assembly. Refer to <u>BR-20, "FRONT : Exploded View"</u>.
- 5. Remove torque member mounting bolts, and remove brake caliper assembly. **CAUTION:**

### Never drop brake pads and caliper assembly.

- 6. Remove disc rotor.
  - **CAUTION:**
  - Put matching marks on the wheel hub and bearing assembly and the disc rotor before removing the disc rotor.
  - Never drop disc rotor.

### INSTALLATION

### WARNING:

Since dust covering the front brake has an affect on human body, the dust must be removed with a dust collector. Never splatter the dust with an air blow gun.

### CAUTION:

Never depress the brake pedal. Brake fluid may splash while removing the brake hose.

1. Install disc rotor. CAUTION:

Align the matching marks put during removal when reusing the disc rotor.

- 2. Install the brake caliper assembly to the vehicle and tighten the torque member mounting bolts to the specified torque.
  - CAUTION:

Never spill or splash any grease and moisture on the brake caliper assembly mounting face, threads, mounting bolts and washers. Wipe out any grease and moisture.

 Install brake hose and copper washers to brake caliper assembly, and tighten union bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-20, "FRONT : Exploded View"</u>. CAUTION:

### Never reuse copper washer.

- Refill with new brake fluid and perform the air bleeding. Refer to <u>BR-11, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>. CAUTION:
  - Never reuse drained brake fluid.
  - Never spill or splash brake fluid on the disc rotor.
- 5. Check a drag of front disc brake. If any drag is found, refer to <u>BR-34, "BRAKE PAD (1 PISTON TYPE) :</u> <u>Inspection"</u>.

# BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (1 PISTON TYPE) : Disassembly and Assembly

INFOID:000000008968271

### DISASSEMBLY

### NOTE:

Never remove the torque member and pad retainers when disassembling and assembling the cylinder body.

1. Remove the sliding pin bolts, and remove the cylinder body from the torque member. **CAUTION:** 

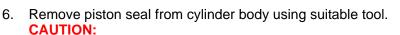
### Never drop brake pads, shims, shim covers and pad retainers from torque member.

- Remove brake pads, shims and shim cover. Refer to <u>BR-33</u>, "<u>BRAKE PAD (1 PISTON TYPE)</u>: <u>Exploded</u> <u>View</u>".
- 3. Remove sliding pins and sliding pin boots from torque member.

### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

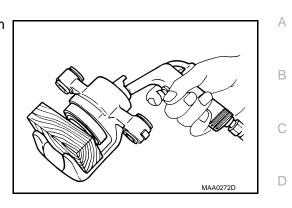
- 4. Remove bushing from sliding pin.
- Place a wooden block as shown in the figure, and blow air from union bolt mounting hole to remove piston and piston boot.
   CAUTION:

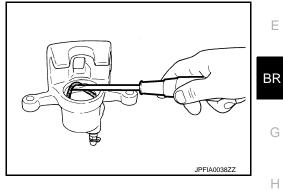
Never get fingers caught in the piston.



Be careful not to damage a cylinder inner wall.

7. Remove bleeder valve and cap.

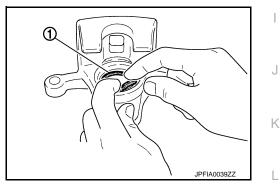




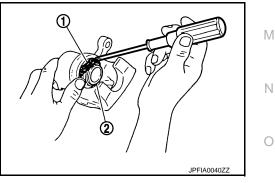
### ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install bleeder valve and cap.
- Apply polyglycol ether based lubricant to piston seal (1), and install to cylinder body.
   CAUTION:

Never reuse piston seal.



 Apply rubber grease to piston boot (1). Cover the piston (2) end with piston boot, and then install cylinder side lip on piston boot securely into a groove on cylinder body.
 CAUTION: Never reuse piston boot.





### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

 Apply brake fluid to piston (1). Push piston into cylinder body by hand and push piston boot (2) piston-side lip into the piston groove.
 CAUTION:

### Press the piston evenly and vary the pressing point to prevent cylinder inner wall from being rubbed.

- 5. Apply rubber grease to bushing, install bushing to sliding pin.
- 6. Apply rubber grease to sliding pins and sliding pin boots, install sliding pins and sliding pin boots to torque member.
- 7. Install the cylinder body to the torque member and tighten the sliding pin bolts to the specified torque.

# BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (1 PISTON TYPE) : Inspection

### INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

### Cylinder Body

Check the inner wall of the cylinder for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the cylinder if any abnormal condition is detected.

### CAUTION:

### Always clean with new brake fluid. Never clean with mineral oil such as gasoline and light oil.

### Torque Member

Check the torque member for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the member if any abnormal condition is detected.

### Piston

Check the surface of the piston for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the piston if any abnormal condition is detected.

### **CAUTION:**

### A piston sliding surface is plated. Never polish with sandpaper.

Sliding Pin and Sliding Pin Boot

Check the sliding pins and sliding boots for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the parts if any abnormal condition is detected.

### **INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION**

- 1. Check a drag of front disc brake. If any drag is found, follow the procedure described below.
- 2. Remove brake pads.
- 3. Press the piston.

CAUTION:

- Never damage the piston boot.
- When replacing a pad with new one, check a brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank when pressing piston in.
   NOTE:

Use a disc brake piston tool to easily press piston.

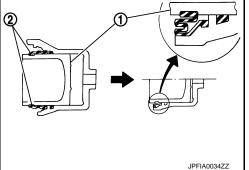
- 4. Install brake pads.
- 5. Depress the brake pedal several times.
- 6. Check a drag of front disc brake again. If any drag is found, disassemble the cylinder body. Refer to <u>BR-</u> <u>38. "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (1 PISTON TYPE) : Disassembly and Assembly"</u>.
- 7. Burnish contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing disc rotors, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-14, "DISC ROTOR : Inspection and Adjustment"</u>.

### BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (2 PISTON TYPE)

BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (2 PISTON TYPE) : Exploded View

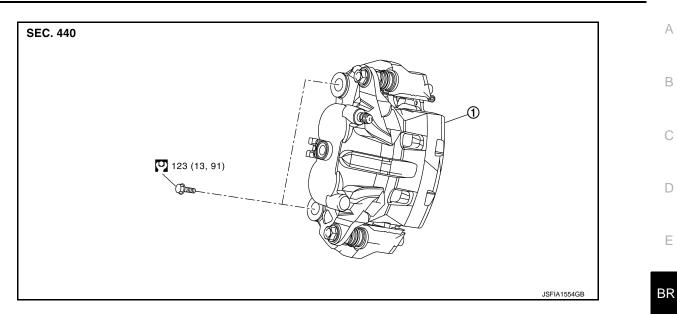
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REMOVAL



INFOID:000000008968272

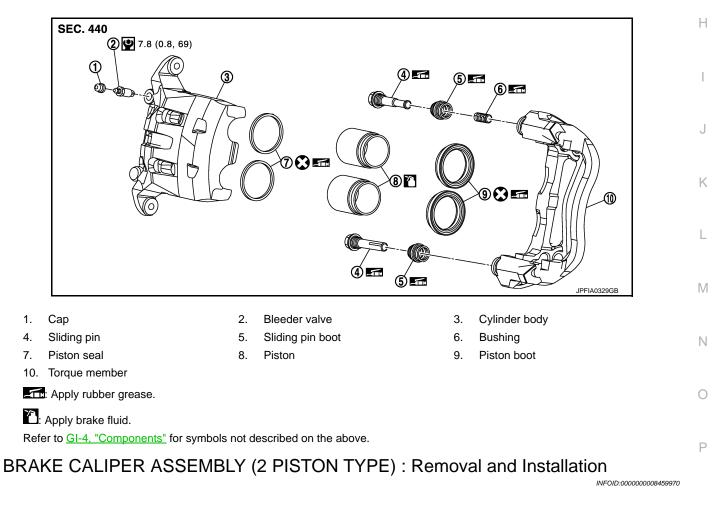
### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >



#### 1. Brake caliper assembly

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols not described on the above.

### DISASSEMBLY



# REMOVAL WARNING:

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### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Since dust covering the front brake has an affect on human body, the dust must be removed with a dust collector. Never splatter the dust with an air blow gun. CAUTION:

### Never depress the brake pedal. Brake fluid may splash while removing the brake hose.

- 1. Remove tires with power tool.
- 2. Fix the disc rotor using wheel nuts.
- 3. Drain brake fluid. Refer to <u>BR-10, "Draining"</u>. CAUTION:

### Never spill or splash brake fluid on the disc rotor.

- 4. Remove union bolt and copper washers, and disconnect brake hose from caliper assembly. Refer to <u>BR-20, "FRONT : Exploded View"</u>.
- 5. Remove torque member mounting bolts, and remove brake caliper assembly. **CAUTION:**

### Never drop brake pads and caliper assembly.

- 6. Remove disc rotor.
  - **CAUTION:**
  - Put matching marks on the wheel hub and bearing assembly and the disc rotor before removing the disc rotor.
  - Never drop disc rotor.

### INSTALLATION

### WARNING:

Since dust covering the front brake has an affect on human body, the dust must be removed with a dust collector. Never splatter the dust with an air blow gun. CAUTION:

# Never depress the brake pedal. Brake fluid may splash while removing the brake hose.

1. Install disc rotor. CAUTION:

Align the matching marks that have been made during removal when reusing the disc rotor.

- 2. Install the brake caliper assembly to the vehicle and tighten the torque member mounting bolts to the specified torque.
  - CAUTION:

Never spill or splash any grease and moisture on the brake caliper assembly mounting face, threads, mounting bolts and washers. Wipe out any grease and moisture.

 Install brake hose and copper washers to brake caliper assembly, and tighten union bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-20, "FRONT : Exploded View"</u>. CAUTION:

### Never reuse copper washer.

- Refill with new brake fluid and perform the air bleeding. Refer to <u>BR-11, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>. CAUTION:
  - Never reuse drained brake fluid.
  - Never spill or splash brake fluid on the disc rotor.
- 5. Check a drag of front disc brake. If any drag is found, refer to <u>BR-44, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (2</u> <u>PISTON TYPE) : Inspection"</u>.

# BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (2 PISTON TYPE) : Disassembly and Assembly

INFOID:000000008459971

### DISASSEMBLY

### NOTE:

Never remove the torque member and pad retainers when disassembling and assembling the cylinder body.

 Remove the sliding pin bolts, and remove the cylinder body from the torque member. Refer to <u>BR-35,</u> <u>"BRAKE PAD (2 PISTON TYPE) : Exploded View"</u>. CAUTION:

### Never drop brake pads, shims, shim covers and pad retainers from torque member.

- 2. Remove brake pads, shims and shim covers.
- 3. Remove sliding pins and sliding pin boots from torque member.

### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

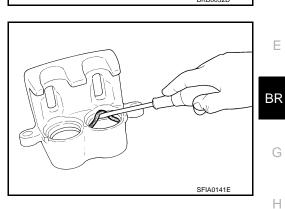
- 4. Remove bushing from sliding pin.
- Place a wooden block as shown in the figure, and blow air from union bolt mounting hole to remove pistons and pistons boots.
   CAUTION:

Never get fingers caught in the pistons.

- 6. Remove pistons seals from cylinder body using suitable tool. CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage a cylinder inner wall.

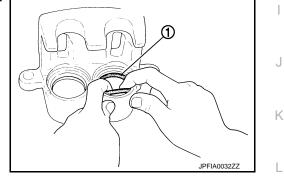
7. Remove bleeder valve and cap.



# ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install bleeder valve and cap.
- Apply rubber grease to pistons seals (1), and install to cylinder body.
   CAUTION:

Never reuse pistons seals.



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Apply rubber grease to pistons boots (1). Cover the pistons (2) end with pistons boots, and then install cylinder side lip on pistons boots securely into a groove on cylinder body.
 CAUTION:

Never reuse pistons boots.

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### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

 Apply brake fluid to pistons (1). Push pistons into cylinder body by hand and push pistons boots (2) piston-side lip into the pistons groove.
 CAUTION:

# Press the pistons evenly and vary the pressing point to prevent cylinder inner wall from being rubbed.

- 5. Apply rubber grease to bushing, and install bushing to sliding pins.
- 6. Apply rubber grease to sliding pins and sliding pin boots, install sliding pins and sliding pin boots to torque member.
- Install the cylinder body to the torque member and tighten the sliding pin bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-35, "BRAKE</u> <u>PAD (2 PISTON TYPE) : Exploded View"</u>.

# BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (2 PISTON TYPE) : Inspection

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# INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

### Cylinder Body

Check the inner wall of the cylinder for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the cylinder if any abnormal condition is detected.

### CAUTION:

### Always clean with new brake fluid. Never clean with mineral oil such as gasoline and light oil.

### **Torque Member**

Check the torque member for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the member if any abnormal condition is detected.

### Piston

Check the surface of the pistons for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the pistons if any abnormal condition is detected.

### CAUTION:

### A pistons sliding surface is plated. Never polish with sandpaper.

Sliding Pin and Sliding Pin Boot

Check the sliding pins and sliding pin boots for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the parts if any abnormal condition is detected.

### **INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION**

- 1. Check a drag of front disc brake. If any drag is found, follow the procedure described below.
- 2. Remove brake pads.
- 3. Press the pistons.
  - CAUTION:
  - Never damage the pistons boots.
  - When replacing a pad with new one, check a brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank when pressing pistons in. NOTE:

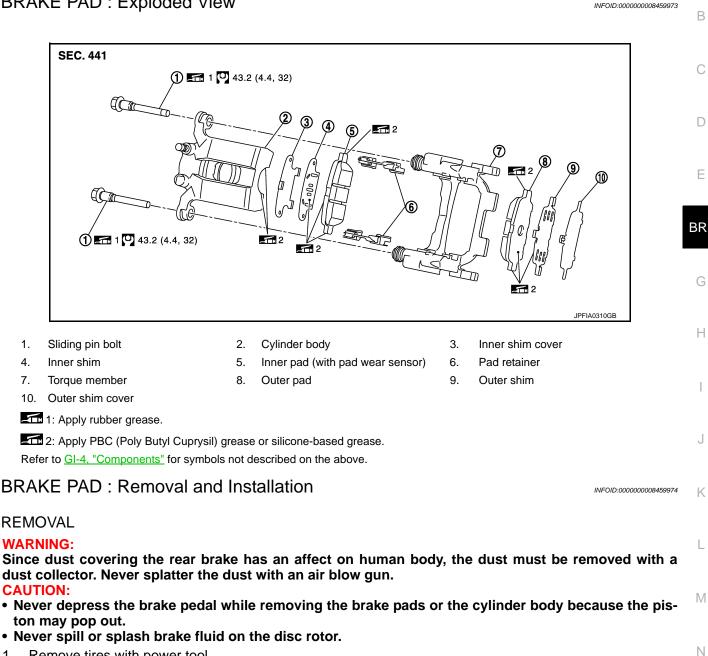
Use a disc brake piston tool to easily press pistons.

- 4. Install brake pads.
- 5. Depress the brake pedal several times.
- 6. Check a drag of front disc brake again. If any drag is found, disassemble the cylinder body. Refer to <u>BR-42</u>, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY (2 PISTON TYPE) : Disassembly and Assembly".
- 7. Burnish contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing disc rotors, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-14, "DISC ROTOR : Inspection and Adjustment"</u>.

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

# REAR DISC BRAKE **BRAKE PAD**

**BRAKE PAD : Exploded View** 



- Remove tires with power tool.
- Remove the upper sliding pin bolt.
- 3. Suspend the cylinder body with suitable wire so that the brake hose will not stretch. Remove the brake pads, shims, shim covers and pad retainers from the torque member. **CAUTION:** 
  - Never deform the pad retainers if removing the pad retainers.
  - Never damage the piston boot.
  - Never drop the brake pad, shims, and the shim covers.
  - Remember each position of the removed brake pads.

### INSTALLATION

### WARNING:

Since dust covering the rear brake has an affect on human body, the dust must be removed with a dust collector. Never splatter the dust with an air blow gun.

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### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

### **CAUTION:**

- Never depress the brake pedal while removing the brake pads or the cylinder body because the piston may pop out.
- Never spill or splash brake fluid on the disc rotor.
- 1. Install the pad retainers to the torque member if the pad retainers has been removed. CAUTION:
  - Securely assemble the pad retainers not to be lifted up from the torque member.
  - Never deform the pad retainers.
- Apply PBC (Poly Butyl Cuprysil) grease or silicone-based grease to the mating faces between the brake pads, the shims and pawls part of cylinder body, and install them to the brake pad. CAUTION:

### Always replace the shims together with the shim covers when replacing the brake pad.

- 3. Install cylinder body and brake pads to torque member. CAUTION:
  - Never damage the piston boot.
  - When replacing pads with new one, check a brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank when pressing piston in. NOTE:

Use a disc brake piston tool to easily press piston.

- 4. Install the upper sliding pin bolt and tighten it to the specified torque.
- 5. Depress the brake pedal several times to check that no drag feel is present for the rear disc brake. Refer to <u>BR-46. "BRAKE PAD : Inspection"</u>.
- 6. Install tires with power tool. Refer to <u>WT-44, "Removal and Installation"</u>.

### BRAKE PAD : Inspection

### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Replace the shims and the shim covers if rust is excessively attached.

### **INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION**

- 1. Check a drag of rear disc brake. If any drag is found, follow the procedure described below.
- 2. Remove brake pads.
- 3. Press the piston. CAUTION:
  - Never damage the piston boot.
  - When replacing a pad with new one, check a brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank when pressing piston in.
     NOTE:

Use a disc brake piston tool to easily press piston.

- 4. Install brake pads.
- 5. Depress the brake pedal several times.
- 6. Check a drag of rear disc brake again. If any drag is found, disassemble the cylinder body. Refer to <u>BR-48</u>, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY : Disassembly and Assembly".
- 7. Burnish contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-16, "BRAKE PAD : Inspection and Adjustment"</u>.

### BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY

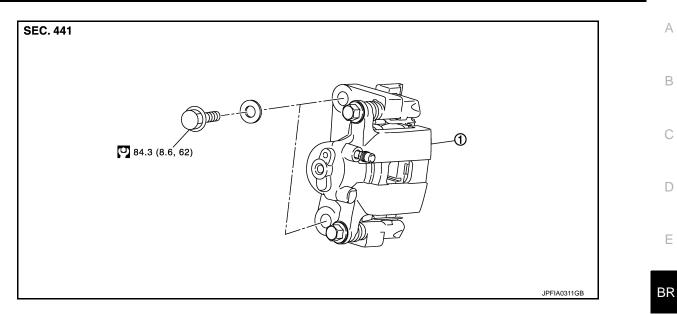
BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY : Exploded View

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REMOVAL

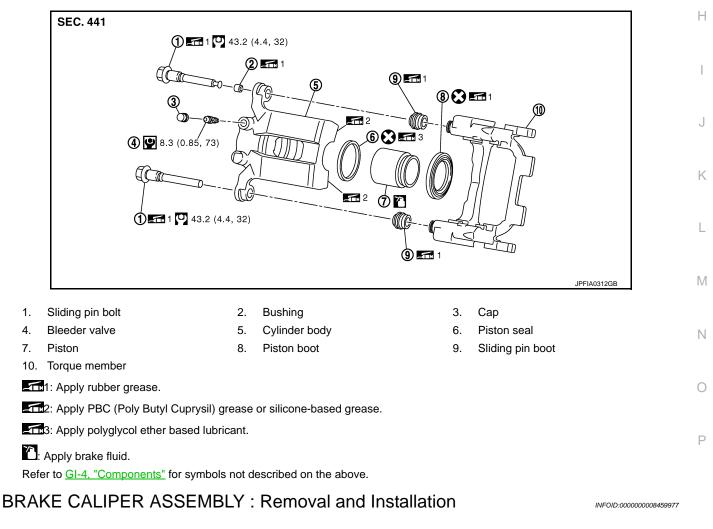
### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >



#### 1. Brake caliper assembly

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols not described on the above.

### DISASSEMBLY



### REMOVAL WARNING:

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### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Since dust covering the rear brake has an affect on human body, the dust must be removed with a dust collector. Never splatter the dust with an air blow gun. CAUTION:

### Never depress the brake pedal. Brake fluid may splash while removing the brake hose.

- 1. Remove tires with power tool.
- 2. Fix the disc rotor using wheel nuts.
- 3. Drain brake fluid. Refer to <u>BR-10, "Draining"</u>. CAUTION:

### Never spill or splash brake fluid on the disc rotor.

- 4. Remove union bolt and copper washers, and disconnect brake hose from caliper assembly.
- 5. Remove torque member mounting bolts, and remove brake caliper assembly.

### CAUTION: Never drop brake pads and caliper assembly.

- 6. Remove disc rotor.
  - **CAUTION:**
  - Put matching marks on the wheel hub and bearing assembly and the disc rotor before removing the disc rotor.
  - Never drop disc rotor.

### INSTALLATION

### WARNING:

Since dust covering the rear brake has an affect on human body, the dust must be removed with a dust collector. Never splatter the dust with an air blow gun.

### CAUTION:

Never depress the brake pedal. Brake fluid may splash while removing the brake hose.

1. Install disc rotor.

CAUTION: Align the matching marks that have been made during removal when reusing the disc rotor.

2. Install the brake caliper assembly to the vehicle and tighten the torque member mounting bolts to the specified torque.

### **CAUTION:**

Never spill or splash any grease and moisture on the brake caliper assembly mounting face, threads, mounting bolts, and washers. Wipe out any grease and moisture.

Install brake hose and copper washers to brake caliper assembly, and tighten union bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-22</u>, "<u>REAR</u> : <u>Exploded View</u>".
 CAUTION:

### Never reuse copper washer.

- Refill with new brake fluid and perform the air bleeding. Refer to <u>BR-11, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>. CAUTION:
  - Never reuse drained brake fluid.
  - Never spill or splash brake fluid on the disc rotor.
- 5. Check that no drag feel is present for the rear disc brake. Refer to <u>BR-50, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Inspection"</u>.

### BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY : Disassembly and Assembly

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# DISASSEMBLY

### NOTE:

Never remove the torque member and pad retainers when disassembling and assembling the cylinder body.

1. Remove the sliding pin bolts and remove the cylinder body from the torque member. Refer to <u>BR-45,</u> <u>"BRAKE PAD : Exploded View"</u>.

# CAUTION:

### Never drop brake pads, shims, shim covers and pad retainers from torque member.

- 2. Remove brake pads, shims and shim covers.
- 3. Remove sliding pin boots from torque member.
- 4. Remove bushing from sliding pin bolt.

### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

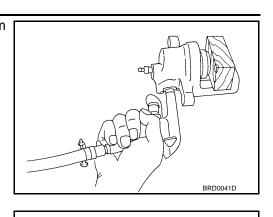
 Place a wooden block as shown in the figure, and blow air from union bolt mounting hole to remove piston and piston boot.
 CAUTION:

Never get fingers caught in the piston.

 Remove piston seal from cylinder body using suitable tool. CAUTION:

# Be careful not to damage a cylinder inner wall.

7. Remove bleeder valve and cap.



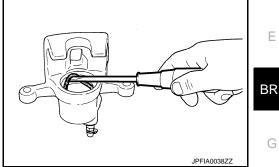
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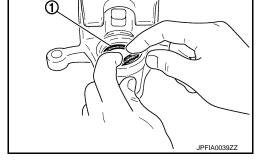
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### ASSEMBLY

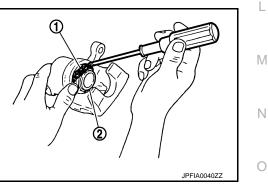
- 1. Install bleeder valve and cap.
- Apply polyglycol ether based lubricant to piston seal (1), and install to cylinder body. CAUTION:

Never reuse piston seal.



 Apply rubber grease to piston boot (1). Cover the piston (2) end with the piston boot, and then install cylinder side lip on the piston boot securely into the groove on cylinder body. CAUTION:

Never reuse piston boot.



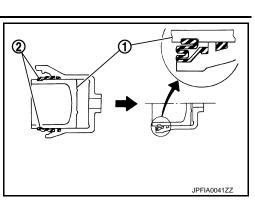
### < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

 Apply brake fluid to piston (1). Push piston into cylinder body by hand and push piston boot (2) piston side lip into the piston groove.
 CAUTION:

# Press the piston evenly and vary the pressing point to prevent cylinder inner wall from being rubbed.

- 5. Apply rubber grease to bushing, and install bushing to sliding pin bolt.
- 6. Apply rubber grease to the sliding pin bolts and the sliding pin boots, install sliding pin boots to torque member.
- Install the cylinder body to the torque member and tighten the sliding pin bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-45, "BRAKE</u> <u>PAD : Exploded View"</u>.

# **BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY : Inspection**



INFOID:000000008459979

### INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

### Cylinder Body

Check the inner wall of the cylinder for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the cylinder if any abnormal condition is detected.

### CAUTION:

### Always clean with new brake fluid. Never clean with mineral oil such as gasoline and light oil.

**Torque Member** 

Check the torque member for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the member if any abnormal condition is detected.

Piston

Check the piston for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the piston if any abnormal condition is detected. **CAUTION:** 

### A piston sliding surface is plated. Never polish with sandpaper.

Sliding Pin Bolt and Sliding Pin Boot

Check the sliding pin bolts and sliding pin boots for rust, wear, cracks or damage. Replace the parts if any abnormal condition is detected.

### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- 1. Check a drag of rear disc brake. If any drag is found, follow the procedure described below.
- 2. Remove brake pads.
- 3. Press the piston.

### **CAUTION:**

- Never damage the piston boot.
- When replacing a pad with new one, check a brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank when pressing piston in. NOTE:

Use a disc brake piston tool to easily press piston.

- 4. Install brake pads.
- 5. Depress the brake pedal several times.
- 6. Check a drag of rear disc brake again. If any drag is found, disassemble the cylinder body. Refer to <u>BR-48</u>, "BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY : Disassembly and Assembly".
- 7. Burnish contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing disc rotors, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-16. "DISC ROTOR : Inspection and Adjustment"</u>.

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

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# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

# **General Specifications**

# FRONT CALIPER 1 PISTON TYPE AND REAR CALIPER 1 PISTON TYPE

	Cylinder bore diameter		63.6 (2.504)	
Front brake	Pad length $\times$ width $\times$ thickness		$110.0 \times 63.5 \times 9.5$ (4.37 $\times 2.500 \times 0.374$ )	
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness		φ320 × 28.0 (12.60 × 1.102)	D
	Cylinder bore diameter		42.86 (1.6874)	
Rear brake	Pad length × width × thickness		83.0 × 33.0 × 8.5 (3.268 × 1.299 × 0.335)	E
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness		φ308 × 16.0 (12.13 × 0.630)	
Master cylinder	Cylinder bore diameter		25.4 (1.0)	
Control valve	Valve type		Electric brake force distribution	BR
Brake booster	Diaphragm diameter	Primary	228.5 (9.00)	
		Secondary	203 (7.99)	G
Recommended brake fluid		1	Refer to MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants"	G

# FRONT CALIPER 2 PISTON TYPE AND REAR CALIPER 1 PISTON TYPE

			Unit: mm (in)
	Cylinder bore diameter		45.0 (1.772) × 2
Front brake	Pad length $\times$ width $\times$ thickness		$130.0 \times 50.0 \times 11.0$ (5.12 $\times$ 1.969 $\times$ 0.433)
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness		φ320 × 28.0 (12.60 × 1.102)
	Cylinder bore diameter		42.86 (1.6874)
Rear brake	Pad length × width × thickness		83.0 × 33.0 × 8.5 (3.268 × 1.299 × 0.335)
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness		φ308 × 16.0 (12.13 × 0.630)
Master cylinder	Cylinder bore diameter		25.4 (1.0)
Control valve	Valve type		Electric brake force distribution
Brake booster	Disahasan disasta	Primary	228.5 (9.00)
	Diaphragm diameter	Secondary	203 (7.99)
Recommended brake fluid		Refer to MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants"	

# **Brake Pedal**

INFOID:000000008459981 Μ

Unit: mm (in)

Item	Standard	N
Brake pedal height	197.1 – 207.1 (7.76 – 8.15)	
Clearance between stopper rubber and stop lamp switch and ASCD brake switch threaded end	0.20 - 1.96 (0.0079 - 0.0772)	_
Brake pedal play	3.0 - 11.0 (0.118 - 0.433)	0
Depressed brake pedal height [Depressing 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) while turning the engine ON]	128 (5.04) or more	-

# **Brake Booster**

Unit: mm (in)

INFOID:000000008459982

Ρ

Item	Standard
Input rod length	127 (5.00)

А

В

С

INFOID:000000008459980

Unit: mm (in)

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

# < SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

# Front Disc Brake

INFOID:000000008459983

Unit:	mm	(in)

Item		Limit
Brake pad	Wear thickness	2.0 (0.079)
	Wear thickness	26.0 (1.024)
Disc rotor	Thickness variation (measured at 8 positions)	0.008 (0.0003)
	Runout (with it attached to the vehicle)	0.040 (0.0016) or less

# Rear Disc Brake

Unit: mm (in)

INFOID:000000008459984

	Item	Limit
Brake pad	Wear thickness	2.0 (0.079)
	Wear thickness	14.0 (0.551)
Disc rotor	Thickness variation (measured at 8 positions)	0.020 (0.0008)
	Runout (with it attached to the vehicle)	0.050 (0.0020) or less